Use of a Mobile Diabetes Self-Management Tool is Associated with Increased Tests-in-Range in Users with Type 2 Diabetes and Baseline Hyperglycemia



Brian J. Ulmer, Bernhard Ruch, Ezgi Bingol, Johanna Kober, Kristen Gatsios, Enrico Repetto

Background and Aims

Despite recent advancements in diabetes technology and therapeutics, many patients with type 2 diabetes continue to experience suboptimal glycemic control, placing them at an increased risk of diabetes-related complications and ultimately leading to higher healthcare costs. Previously, use of diabetes-focused mobile health (mHealth) applications has been associated with improved glycemic control. We studied the impact of the mySugr® app on the change in blood glucose tests above range, within range, and below range in people with type 2 diabetes and hyperglycemia prior to use of the app.

Materials and Methods

We performed a retrospective analysis of 930 mySugr app users with self-reported type 2 diabetes in the United States who enrolled between January 1, 2018 and November 30, 2022 and tested >=2 times/day on >=14 days per 30 day period for 180 days following enrollment in the mySugr app who had >25% of blood glucose tests above 180 mg/dL in the 30 days prior to use of mySugr. Mean blood glucose and percentage of blood glucose tests below 54 mg/dL, 54 mg/dL to 69 mg/dL, 70 mg/dL to 180 mg/dL, 181 mg/dL to 250 mg/dL, and above 250 mg/dL were calculated at baseline and 180 days following blood glucose meter connectivity to the mySugr app.

Results

Mean blood glucose decreased from 192.8 mg/dL at baseline to 168.7 mg/dL (Δ -24.1 mg/dL) at 180 days following glucometer connection to mySugr. Percentage of tests between 70 mg/dL to 180 mg/dL increased from 47.5% to 64.1% (Δ +16.6%) while percentage of tests above 250 mg/dL decreased from 17.6% to 10.6% (Δ -7.0%) and above 180 mg/dL from 33.7% to 23.8% (Δ -9.9%) baseline and 180 days, respectively (p<0.001 for all comparisons). Overall, the percentage of tests below 70 mg/dL (1.0% at baseline and 1.3% at 180 days) and below 54 mg/dL (0.2% at baseline and 0.3% at 180 days) was low.

Conclusions

In a population of over 900 users with type 2 diabetes and baseline hyperglycemia, enrollment in the mySugr app with a connected blood glucose meter was associated with a significant improvement in the percentage of tests-in-range after 6 months of use.



Figure 1: The mySugr® app

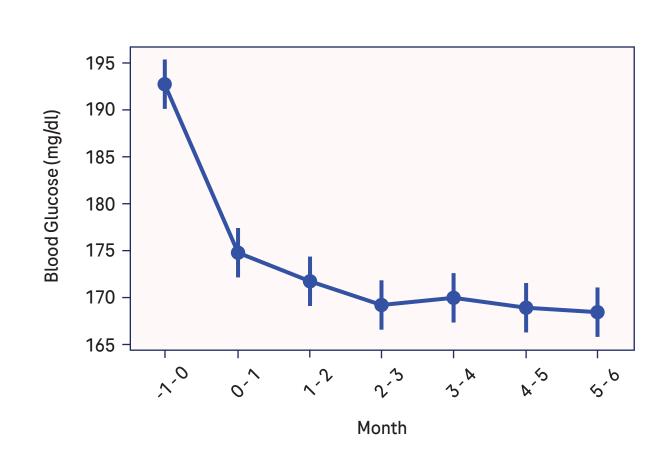


Figure 2: Mean blood glucose at baseline and 6 months following connectivity to mySugr

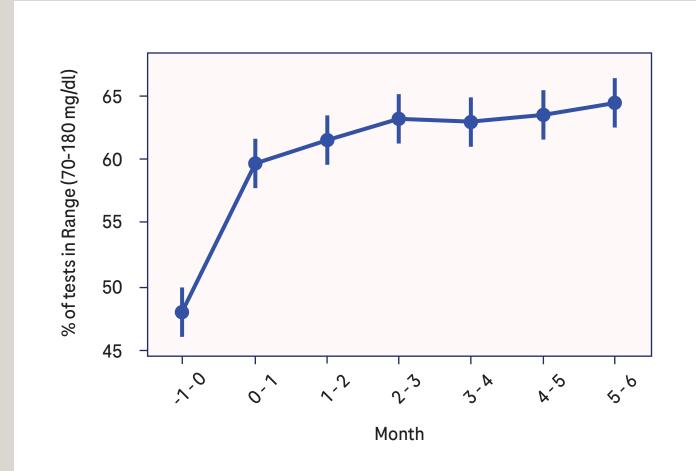


Figure 3: Percentage of tests in range (70–180 mg/dL) at baseline and 6 months following connectivity to mySugr