

Clinical Management of Pre-Eruptive Lesions: General and Pediatric Dentists' Approach Windley T, Guelmann M Department of Pediatric Dentistry, University of Florida College of Dentistry, Gainesville, FL

Introduction

- Pre-eruptive intra-coronal resorption (PEIR) is a term used to describe an anomaly presenting as an abnormal, well-circumscribed, radiolucent area, often occurring within the coronal dentinal tissue close to the DEJ of unerupted teeth.
- V During eruption, micro-organisms from the oral cavity may ingress into the resorptive defect (leading to further breakdown). If left untreated, PEIRs may progress into the dental pulp.
- PEIRs have an unknown etiology, and their general prevalence in the permanent dentition is between 2-6%.

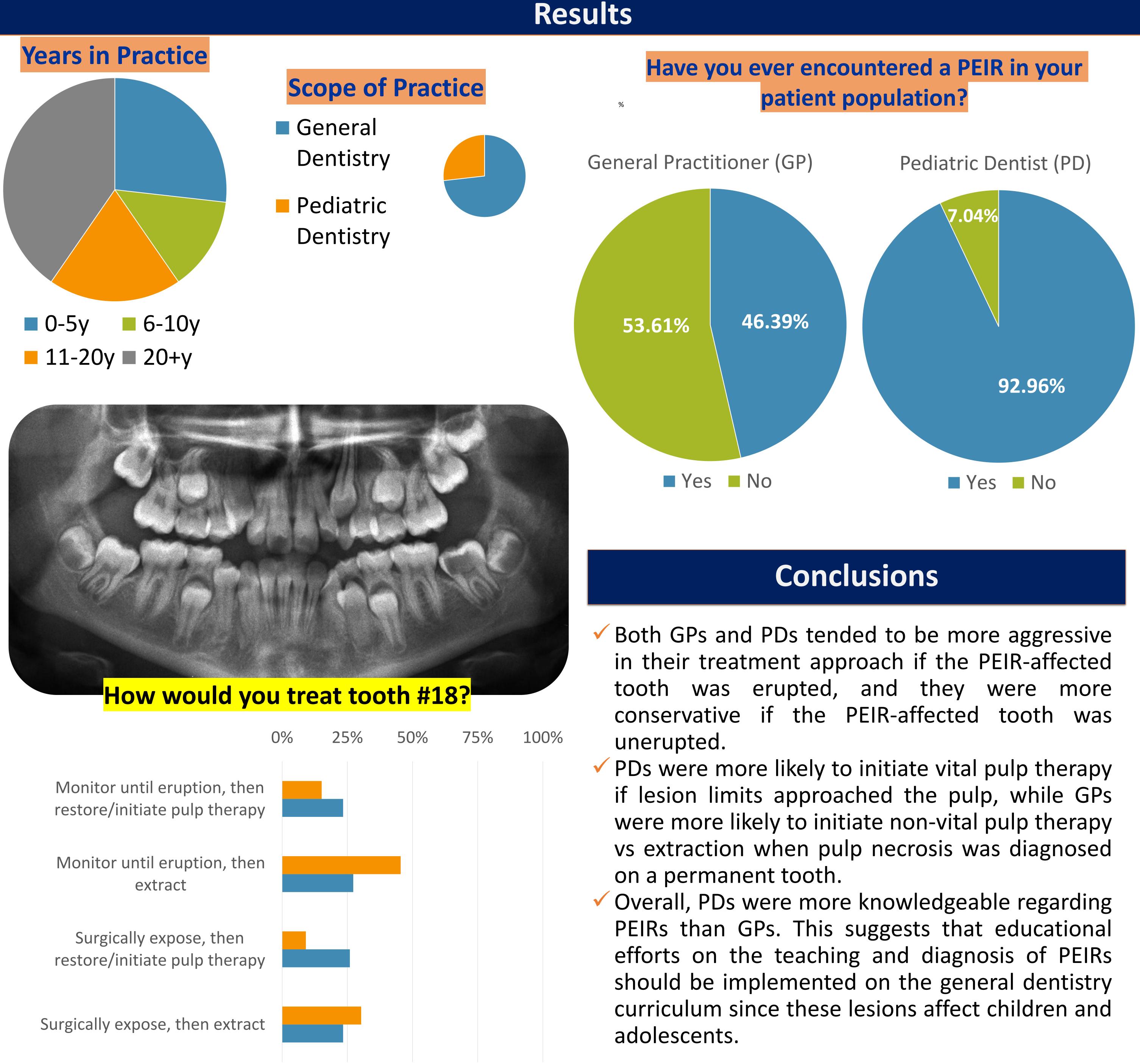
Purpose

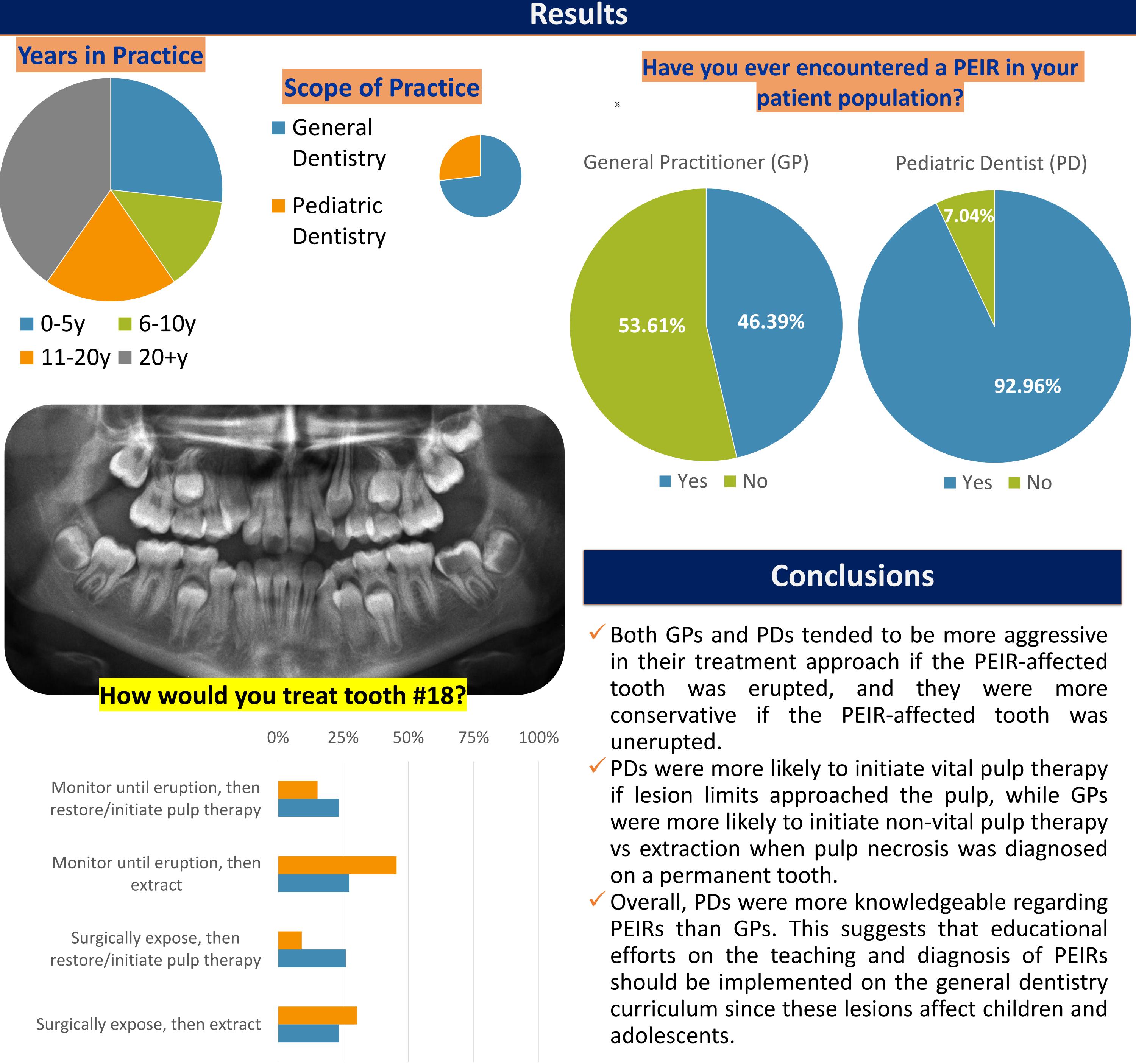
The aim of this project was to analyze general practitioners' (GP) and pediatric dentists' (PD) approach to multiple clinical scenarios involving PEIRs.

Methods

 An electronic survey was emailed to general and pediatric dentists in Florida and North Carolina. Survey questions and images displayed were based on well-documented, published case reports and they explored the management of different PEIRs. Survey takers' responses were compared to how actual cases were treated and were analyzed separately for both groups.

Surveys Sent	7,746
Surveys Completed	265
Response Rate	3.4%





Pediatric Dentist (PD)

General Practitioner (GP)



