

Mapping of dental fluorosis in non-phosphate regions in Morocco

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Introduction: Morocco is known as an endemic area of fluorosis. The high prevalence also called "dar-ghmous" is strongly linked to phosphate deposits. However, there are cases of fluorosis in other non-phosphate areas and in other unknown fluorotic areas.

Materiels and methodes

Primary objectif: Identify the etiological factors of dental fluorosis in school populations living in non-phosphate regions

Study type:

Cross-sectional descriptive study

Population:

2750 Moroccan schoolchildren living in the 12 regions

Inclusion criterias

3 to 21 years old

Residents since their early childhood in these regions Affected by dental fluorosis to varying degrees.

Variables studied:

The amount of water consumed. The amount of tea consumed, The amount of fish eaten and The prevalence of fluorosis

Results and discussion

		Er- Rachidia	Guelmim	Sidi slimane	Bouarfa	El jadida	Taounate	khemiss t	e Ouarzaza te	Al hociema	Taza	khenifra	Rabat
fluorosis p	orevalence %	99	79	70	99	87,5	81,26	85,07	86	85	93	85	27
			Prevale	nce of flo	uorosis	accord	ding to v	water c	onsump	tion			
	Al hociema	Taza	Bouarfa	Er-Rachidia	Ouarzaza	te kheni	ifra Taou	unate Sic	i s limane k	hemisset	Guelmim	El jadida	Rabat
■ 0,5L-1 L/j	81	92,4	82	92	84	99,	6 74	,55	93,5	81,7	74,57	90	70
= 1.21/3	01.8	90.9	96.5	100	90	92	4 8/	4.8	96.5	99 /	63	96	92.2

Prevalence of fluorosis according to tea consumption

	Al hociema	Taza	Bouarfa	Er- Rachi dia	Ouarzazat e	khenifra	Taounate	Sid i slimane	khemisset	Guelm im	El jadida	Rabat
1-3 glass/day(%)	88,8	54,55	100	84	50	96	83,2	95	80,4	85	0	90
3-6 glass/day(%)	81	54,55	99,5	94,5	95,5	97,6	90	98,7	98,4	86	72,5	74
more than 6 glass/day%)	100	95,45	100	100	100	99,2	93	100	100	96	87	98,2

Prevalence of fluorosis according to fish consumption

	Al hociema	Taza	Ouarzazate	khenifra	Taounate	El jadida	Rabat
■<1 T/week (%)	93	88,5	88	96,4	80	75,6	53,7
■1 T/week(%)	95	100	84,6	96,4	94	90,3	79,5
=>1 T/week (%)	99	100	83,3	98	97	100	94,7

Conclusion

The presence of foci of fluorosis in areas not known to be fluorotic may be related to:

- consumption of well water highly concentrated in fluorine +++
- Presence of associated dietary factors: ++
 - high consumption of tea, fish
- hot climates

The mapping of fluorosis in Morocco: Phosphate zones +++

Non-fluorotic areas +