

# **LE FORTE FRACTURES: MODERN TRENDS**

Kevin Galvez Cabezas MD, Cindy A Limanto, MD, Ghulam H Saadat, MD, Chih Y Fu, MD, Bradley J Phillips, MD, Faran Bokhari, MD, MBA, Laura R Brown, MD, PhD





### Introduction

Le Forte fractures account for 15-30% of all maxillofacial fractures, this has a significant impact on the acute morbidity of facial trauma as well as the perpetuating effects of facial disfiguration. This study aimed to provide patient characteristics and short-term (30 days) clinical outcomes of Le Forte fractures and reconstruction.

### Results

Over 4 years, we identified 130 (3.95%) cases of Le Forte fractures from 3,293 facial fractures. 53.8% (70) of patients were diagnosed with Le Forte I, 31.5% (41) of patients with Le Forte II, and 14.6% (19) of patients with Le Forte III. The male-to-female ratio was 4.9:1(108:22). The mean age of patients was  $48.22 \pm 18.9$  years. Most patients underwent facial reconstruction surgery within the first 3 days of admission (95.4%), and 83.8% of patients were discharged in less than 3 days post operatively. During hospitalization, 5.4% (7) of patients had complications. Only 1.5% (2) of patients were readmitted for sepsis related to the facial fractures and SSI, while 2.3% (3) underwent reoperation for debridement.

### Conclusions

Patients with Le Forte fractures were most often adult males (18-65 years old), presenting with a Le forte I fracture. In relationship to previous published data, our study showed less incidence of zygomatico-maxillary fractures compared to other facial fractures, accounting for only 3.95%. Our study also demonstrates a low incidence of isolated midface fracture-related morbidity 5.4% and 0% mortality.

## Methods

We used the NSQIP database from 2016-2019, cases with Le Forte fractures were identified by ICD-10 code. We excluded patients under 18 years old and those who underwent elective surgeries. We evaluated patient characteristics and outcomes. Outcomes included the occurrence of in-hospital complications, hospital length of stay (LOS), readmission rates, and reoperation rates. All descriptive statistical analyses were performed using SPSS.

# Table 1. Percentage of Le Forte fractures across age and gender. % OF LE FORT FRACTURES ACROSS AGE AND GENDER • Le Fort | • Le Fort || • 65+ YEARS OLD 25.9 55.6 18.5 18-65 YEARS OLD 61.2 FEMALE 45.5 40.9 13.6 MALE 55.6

Table 2. 30-day outcomes of	Le Forte fracture repair
Outcomes	All fractures (%)
	N = 130
All complications	
Yes	7 (5.4%)
No	123 (94.6%)
Superficial-deep incisional	
SSI	
Yes	4 (3.1%)
No	126 (96.9%)
Sepsis	
Yes	1 (0.8%)
No	129 (99.2%)
Wound disruption	
Yes	2 (1.5%)
No	128 (98.5%)
Hospital length of stay	
<3 days	109 (83.8%)
>3 days	21 (16.2%)
Reoperation	
Yes	3 (2.3%)
No	127 (97.7%)
Readmission	
Yes	2 (1.5%)
No	128 (98.5%)

# References

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