Postgraduate Trainee Attitudes Towards COVID-19 Vaccination and Patient Communication

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Objectives

- Healthcare providers from a wide range of specialties have been challenged to integrate COVID-19 vaccination conversations into routine practice.
- Graduate medical trainees are frequently charged with being the first line for this communication.
- We sought to identify trainee attitudes and experiences discussing COVID-19 vaccination with patients.

Methods

 An anonymous survey was distributed to Emory University graduate medical trainees via the GME Office email newsletter weekly between December 23, 2021, and February 9, 2022.



Results

Attitudes to	Overall	History of	No History of	
COVID-19	N = 116	COVID-19	COVID-19	p-value
Vaccination		N = 23	N = 93	
I am (or was) hesitant about receiving the first doses of a vaccine against COVID-19.				
Strongly Disagree	77 (66%)	16 (70%)	61 (66%)	0.042
Disagree	19 (16%)	1 (4%)	18 (19%)	
Neutral	3 (3%)	0 (0%)	3 (3%)	
Agree	13 (11%)	3 (13%)	10 (11%)	
Strongly Agree	4 (3%)	3 (13%)	1 (1%)	
COVID-19			eople from COVID-1	9,
		evere illness and de		
Strongly Disagree	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	<0.001
Disagree	2 (2%)	2 (9%)	0 (0%)	
Neutral	2 (2%)	2 (9%)	0 (0%)	
Agree	5 (4%)	2 (9%)	3 (3%)	
Strongly Agree	105 (92%)	16 (73%)	89 (97%)	
Missing	2	1	1	
All eligible patient	s should be vaccinc	ited against COVID- others.	19 to protect thems	elves and
	1 (1%)	1 (4%)	0 (0%)	
Strongly Disagree	2 (2%)	2 (9%)	0 (0%)	0.001
Disagree Neutral	2 (2%) 1 (1%)	2 (9%)	0 (0%)	
Agree	9 (8%)	3 (13%)	6 (7%)	
	103 (89%)	16 (70%)	87 (94%)	
Strongly Agree	· /	· /	, ,	
l am comfortable er Strongly Disagree	1 (1%)	ants their first doses (1 (4%)	or a vaccine agains 0 (0%)	COVID-19.
Disagree	6 (5%)	3 (13%)	3 (3%)	0.009
Neutral	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	
Agree	27 (23%)	8 (35%)	19 (20%)	
Strongly Agree	27 (23%) 82 (71%)	11 (48%)	71 (76%)	
	. ,		d against COVID-19	
Strongly Disagree		1 (5%)	0 (0%)	
Disagree	5 (4%)	2 (9%)	3 (3%)	
Neutral	8 (7%)	3 (14%)	5 (5%)	0.028
Agree	40 (35%)	9 (41%)	31 (33%)	
Strongly Agree	61 (53%)	7 (32%)	54 (58%)	
Missing	1	1	0	

Conclusions

- Vaccination remains the most effective way to reduce risk of severe illness from COVID-19. However, graduate medical trainees perceive barriers to discussing vaccination with patients, most frequently citing lack of time and burnout.
- Personal experience with COVID-19 affects clinical practice and discussions about vaccination. It should not be assumed that being a physician in and of itself results in COVID attitudes that differ widely from those of the population.
- Addressing barriers to promoting vaccination will be essential to population health as COVID-19 shifts from a pandemic to an endemic burden.

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