



Traumatic Breast Injuries in High-Risk Communities

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Introduction

- Traumatic breast injuries have not been well described and available literature is limited.
- Trauma to the breast can result from penetrating, blunt, or burn mechanisms.
- Surgical interventions are not common but may be associated with severity and traumatic mechanisms.
- Louisiana has one of the highest rates trauma related mortality. Traumatic breast injuries have not been well studied in this region.

Aims of Study

- **Primary Aim**: Compare incidences of breast injuries in high-risk crime areas vs non-high risk crime areas.
- Secondary Aim: Perform a comparison of patient's demographic information, insurance status, injury severity, outcomes and follow up.

Methods

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- Retrospective chart review of adult, female patients presenting with Ο traumatic breast injuries to a Level 1 trauma center from 2016-2022.
- Zip Codes of injury location were collected and divided into high-risk zip codes and non-high risk zip codes.

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Figure 1. Zip code map with highlighted high-risk areas





Figure 2. In-hospital outcomes for patients with traumatic breast injuries *p<0.05

This study suggests that there are differences in demographics between traumatic breast injuries when comparing high-risk vs nonhigh risk crime locations. These high-risk crime locations can represent target areas for outreach in prevention.

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Table 2. Follow-Up of Patients				
		High-Risk Zip Code N= 18	Non-High Risk Zip Code N=29	P- Value
n (%)		4 (22)	7 (24)	1
tics, ortho), n (%)		2 (11)	10 (34)	0.1
Zip Code				

Frequency of patients (%)

Figure 3. Follow up after traumatic breast injuries

Conclusion

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