## THE UNIVERSITY of ENNESSEE C COLLEGE of MEDICINE CHATTANOOGA

# **Recurrent Groin Hernia Containing Ovary and**

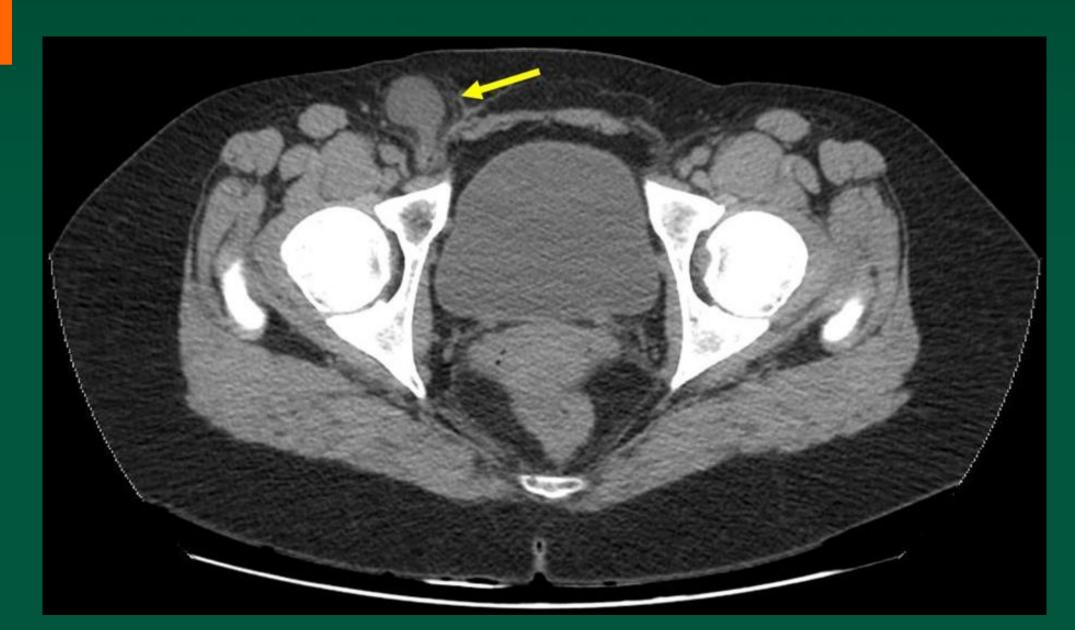
Aaron B. Pollock M.D., James McRee B.S., Richard Tanner M.D. Vicente Mejia M.D. University of Tennessee College of Medicine Chattanooga, Department of Surgery

## Background

- Femoral hernias make up 2-8% of all groin hernias ullet
- Occasionally the appendix, bladder, ovary, and/or fallopian tube becomes incarcerated; most commonly contains fat
- Rarely contains the fallopian tube 2.9%
- Hernias sac containing adnexal structures concern for possible malignancy in older populations
- Typical presenting features:
  - High female incidence
  - Unilateral groin bulge
  - High risk of strangulation secondary to small defect comparted to other groin hernias
- Operative exploration required

## **Case Report**

- A 46-year-old female with symptoms of right groin pain and constipation
- Past medical history of right inguinal hernia with mesh
- Objective:
  - $\circ$  A palpable mass inferior to the right inguinal ligament
  - Viscera-containing hernia sac within the femoral canal was found on CT (Figure 1)
  - Moderate leukocytosis >13,000
  - Lactate within normal limits
- Patient taken to the operating room for exploration



- Incision inferior to previous open inguinal repair site • Well vascularized right ovary and right fallopian tube • Contents easily reduced

ightarrow

 $\bullet$ 

- Primary repair by reapproximating Cooper's ligament to the conjoined tendon using previous mesh as buttress
- Patient discharged post-operatively on day of admission
- Four-week post-op patient reports complete recovery and return to physical activity

Figure 1: Axial CT showing right femoral hernia

#### Outcome

Pathology of hernia sac negative for malignancy

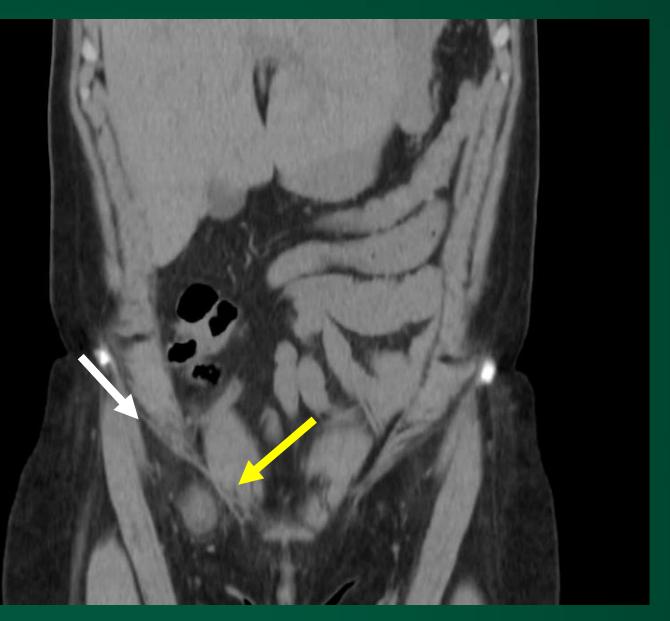
Figure 2: Coronal CT showing right femoral hernia (yellow arrow) and inguinal ligament (white arrow)

This case is one of the few reported cases of a femoral hernia containing an ovary and fallopian tube. Prompt operative management with primary repair resulted in preservation of her adnexal structures without recurrence.

- •
- •



Southeastern Surgical Congress **OQANNUAL** Feb. 11 - 14, 2023 | Savannah, GA



### Conclusion

#### References

Gurer A, Ozdogan M, Ozlem N, Yildirim A, Kulacoglu H, Aydin R. Uncommon content in groin hernia sac. Hernia. 2006;10(2):152-155. doi:10.1007/s10029-005-0036-4 Soeta N, Et al. Laparoscopic repair of irreducible femoral hernia containing the fallopian tube alone: a case report. Surg Case Rep. 2016;2(1):57. doi:10.1186/s40792-016-0185-y Burcharth J, Et al. Patient-related risk factors for recurrence after inguinal hernia repair: a systematic review and meta-analysis of observational studies. Surg Innov. 2015;22(3):303-317. doi:10.1177/1553350614552731